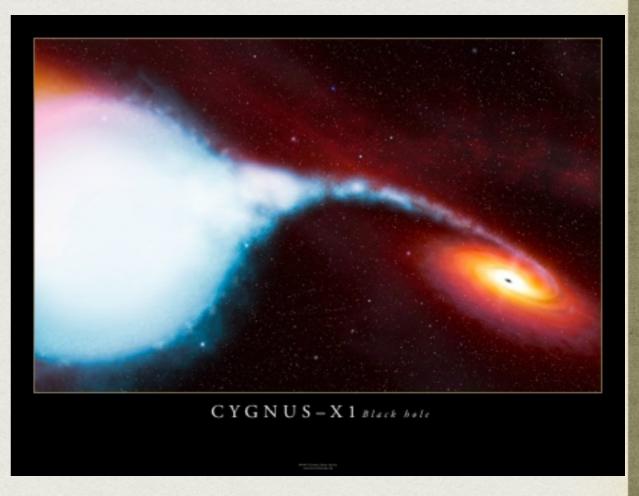
## RECENT GEMINI RESULTS ON X-RAY BINARIES

Craig Heinke (Univ. of Alberta, Canada)

#### GEMINI FOR XRBS

- Key questions:

   Nature of XRB systems (e.g.
   ULXs)
   Populations of XRBs
   Masses of accreting objects
   -Mass distributions illuminate SN physics
- Photometry, spectroscopy of donor stars
   Use GMOS (imaging, spectra), GNIRS, Flamingos, NIFS

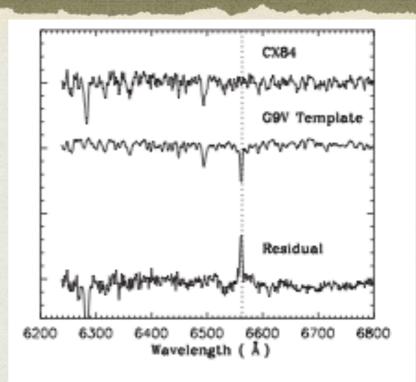


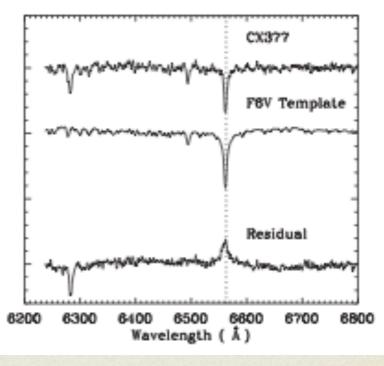
Courtesy ESA

### HIDDEN ACCRETING BINARIES

- Chandra Galactic Bulge Survey: 1640 sources (Jonker+11), follow-up opt/IR photometry, spectra to uncover ~300 XRBs
- GMOS data; some absorption-line spectra conceal broad emission lines (Wu+15)

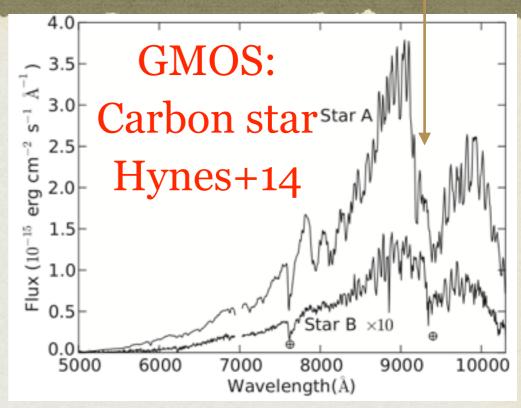
GMOS spectra of 2 hidden XRBs, Wu+15

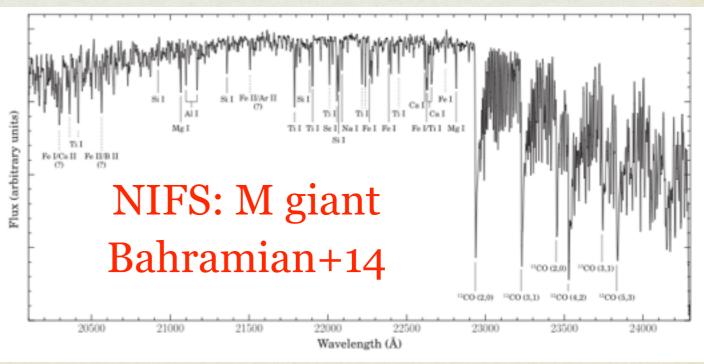




# HIDDEN SYMBIOTIC X-RAY BINARIES

- Symbiotics are compact object accreting red giant wind
- 1000s predicted in galaxy, only ~100 known. Most don't show emission lines? (Hynes+14)
- Gemini to type giant, measure distance & infer accretor nature (e.g., L too high for white dwarf)

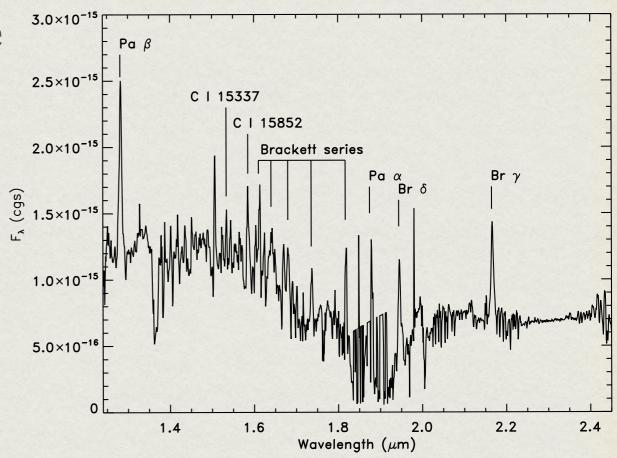




#### ACCRETING PROTOSTAR?

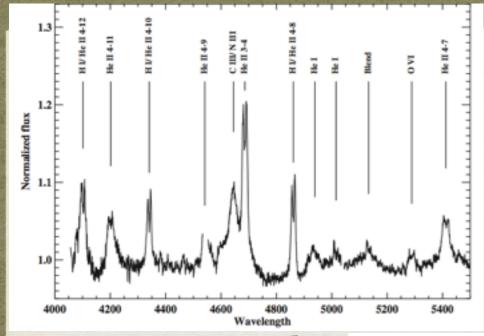
 Faint X-ray source from Bulge survey
 Red SED (peak at 10 µm)
 Mid-IR outburst >6 mag
 Emission lines, including forbidden

 Interpret as young stellar object (FU Ori?).
 3 degrees above plane; isolated star formation?



Flamingos-2 on CX330, Britt+15, submitted (GRACES test target)

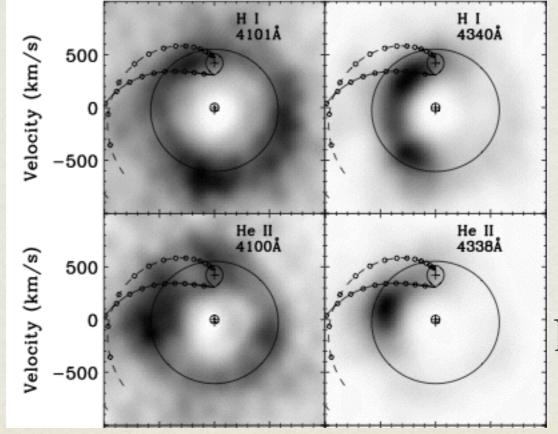
# RADIAL VELOCITY STUDIES

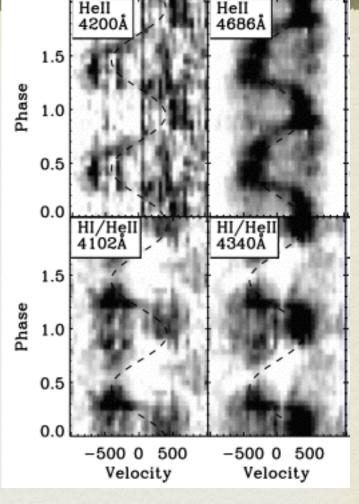


Trailed spectra, change with orbital phase

Spectrum, with double-peaked emission lines

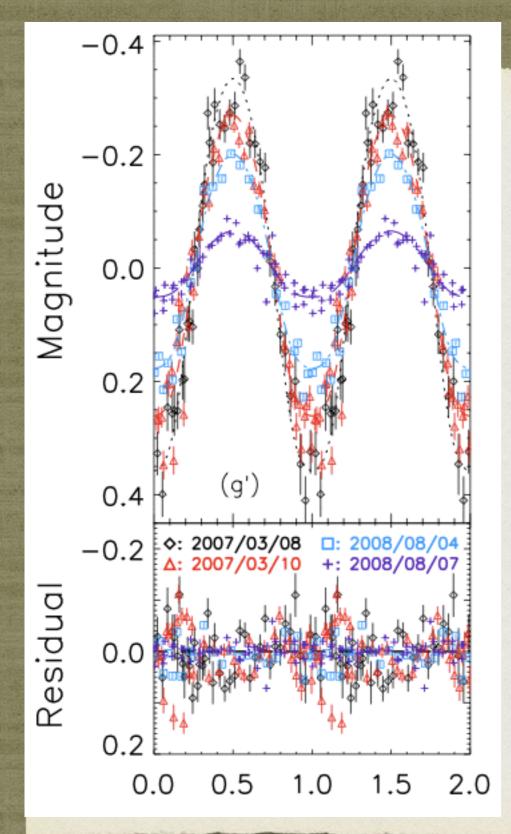
EXO 0748-676, Mikles+12





Tomograms, show locations of emission

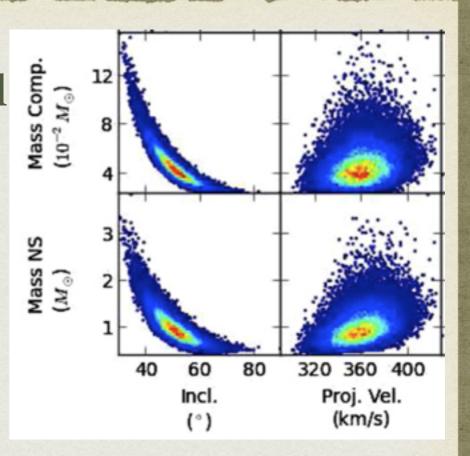
#### SPECTRA + PHOTOMETRY



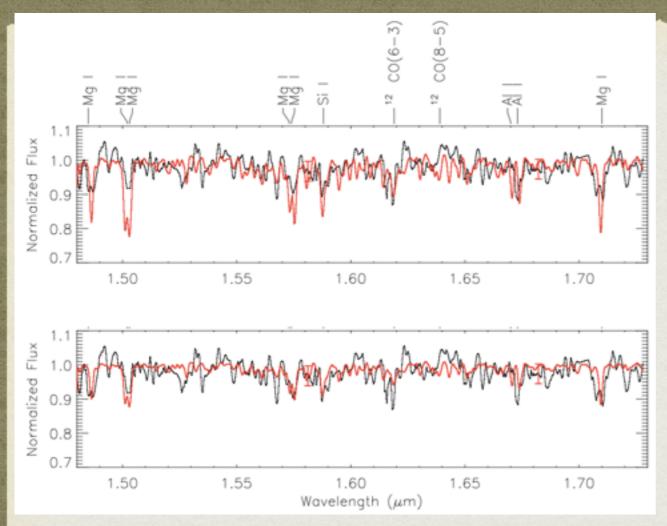
Degeneracy between radial velocities & inclination

Multi-band light curves constrain ellipsoidal variations, inclination

SAX J1808-37; Wang+13

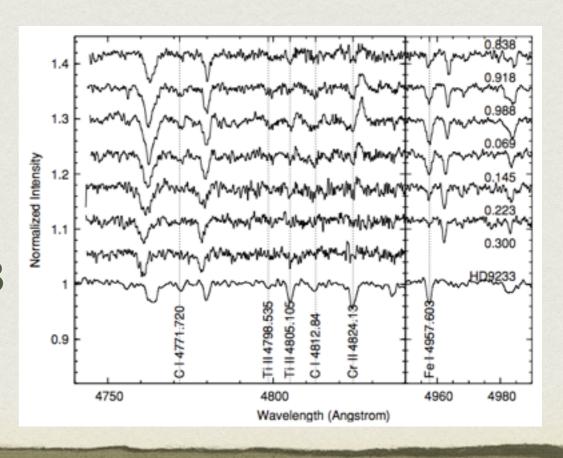


## MEASURE BLACK HOLE MASSES



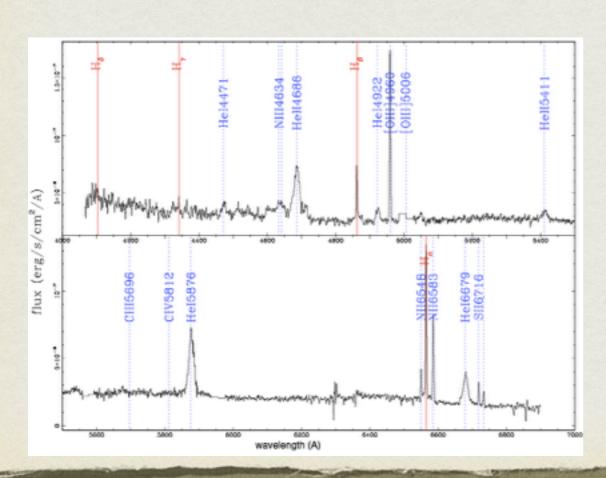
Complex GMOS spectra of SS433 give RVs, giving 1.9<M<sub>BH</sub><4.9 Msun. Kubota+10

GNIRS H-band spectrum, half of IR light from disk in XTE J1118+480. With photometry, allows 6.9<M<sub>BH</sub><8.2 Msun. Khargharia+13

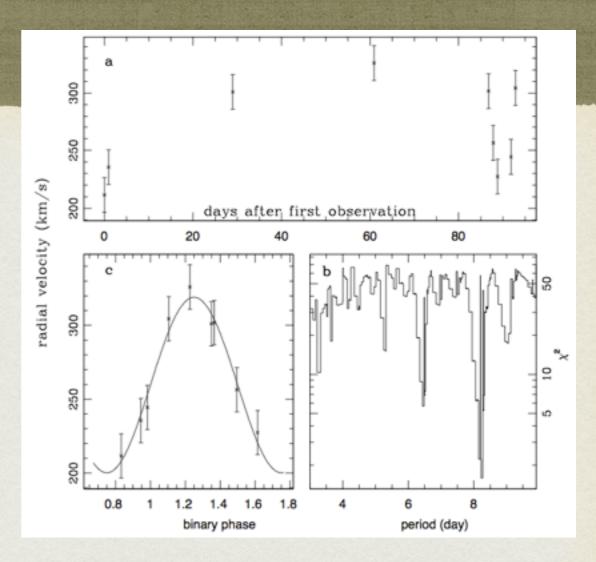


#### MASS OF BH IN A ULX

GMOS identified bright XRB (ULX) in M101 with WR star, gave mass estimate for star, 19 Msun (Liu+13).



Liu +13



GMOS radial velocities gave orbit, BH mass 20-30 Msun.

Proves some of brightest XRBs are \*not\* ~1000-Msun BHs.

# GALACTIC BULGE SURVEY LLP

• Approved LLP (PI R. Hynes); GMOS dynamical mass estimates of ten quiescent XRBs in Galactic Bulge.

Known systems selected in outburst—selection effects?

Measure mass distributions of NSs & BHs, constrain SN explosion mechanisms.